

khosla ventures

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

Risk Matrix

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL APPROACH 3

STEPS TAKEN 3

STEP 1: IDENTIFY MAJOR TECHNICAL RISK AREAS 4

STEP 2: ASSIGN AN INITIAL ABSOLUTE LEVEL TO EACH RISK..... 6

STEP 3: LAY OUT A MILESTONE SCHEDULE..... 7

STEP 4: ASSIGN A LEVEL OF RISK REDUCTION ASSOCIATED
WITH SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF MILESTONE 8

STEP 5: TRACK RISK REDUCTION RELATIVE TO TIME
AND EXPENDITURES TO SHOW PROGRESS..... 9

RISK MATRIX EXAMPLE 10

Risk matrix

Understand and quantify your major risks and know what you have to prove to get your product to market.

General approach

- Quantify the level of risk in a technology
- Ensure that all milestones are focused on reducing risk
- Identify milestones that are most important to reducing risk
- Communicate the reduction in risk relative to time and cost involved

Steps taken:

Step 1

Identify major technical risk areas and failure modes by technology component

Step 2

Assign an initial absolute level to each risk

Step 3

Lay out a milestone schedule

Step 4

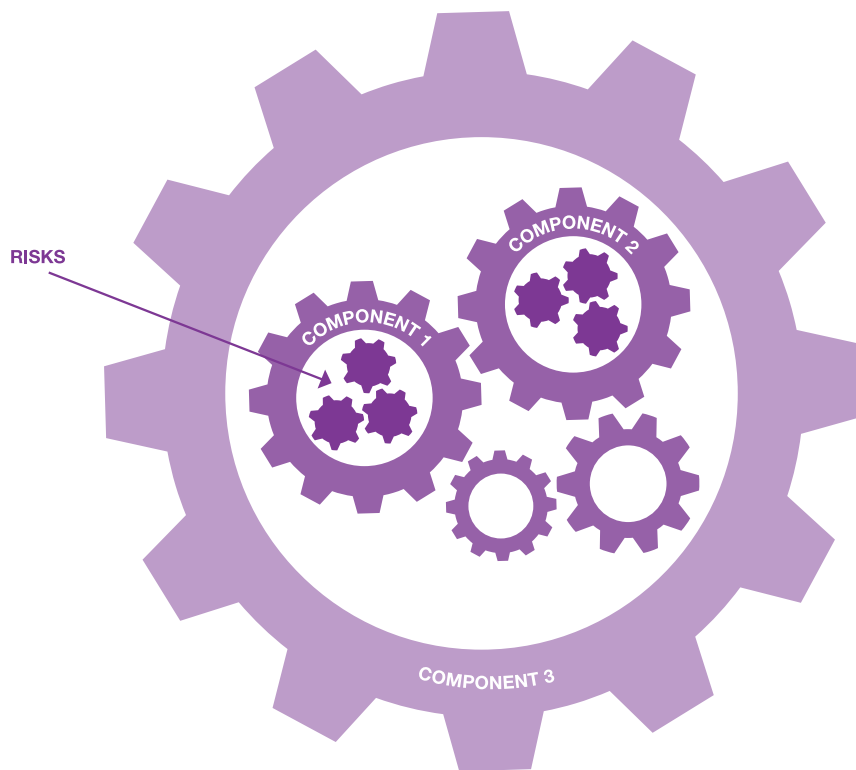
Assign a level of risk reduction associated with successful completion of milestone

Step 5

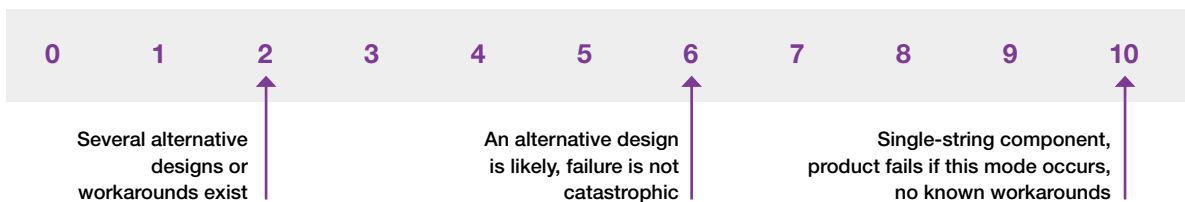
Track risk reduction relative to time and expenditures to show progress

Step 1: Identify major technical risk areas

- Identify and group critical technical risks or failure modes by product component
- Groups of components also can have additional risks or failure modes



- Assign each risk a weighting factor on a scale of zero to 10, based on criticality and importance relative to component performance
- The weighting factors represent the importance of when something goes wrong



Step 1: Identify major technical risk areas (continued)

- Each component or component group also can be weighted relative to its importance to product success
- Each failure mode represents a different way that a component can fail

Component	Failure Mode	Criticality Level
Component 1	Failure mode 1	10
	Failure mode 2	7
	Failure mode 3	5
Component 2	Failure mode 1	8
	Failure mode 2	8
Component 3	Failure mode 1	10
	Failure mode 2	10
	Failure mode 3	6

Step 2: Assign an initial absolute level to each risk

- Assign an initial and absolute risk level, on a scale from zero to 100, based on your level of confidence in preventing the failure mode at a manufacturing level



- The total initial level of risk of a component is the weighted average of the risk levels of the failure modes

	Criticality Level	Initial Risk Level
Component 1		63
Failure mode 1	10	40
Failure mode 2	7	90
Failure mode 3	5	70
Component 2		50
Failure mode 1	8	70
Failure mode 2	8	30
Component 3		54
Failure mode 1	10	80
Failure mode 2	10	30
Failure mode 3	6	50

Step 3: Lay out a milestone schedule

- List major project milestones (from Gantt chart)
- Each milestone is expected to reduce risk in one or more categories

No.	Milestones	Original Date
1000	Component 1 tests	
1100	Milestone X1.1	03/31/05
1200	Milestone X1.2	04/25/05
2000	Component 2 tests	
2100	Milestone X2.1	03/31/05
2200	Milestone X2.2	05/15/05
2300	Milestone X2.3	06/15/05
2400	Milestone X2.4	06/30/05
3000	Component 3 tests	
3100	Milestone X3.1	03/15/05
3200	Milestone X3.2	04/30/05
3300	Milestone X3.3	05/15/05
3400	Milestone X3.4	05/30/05

Step 4: Assign a level of risk reduction associated with successful completion of milestone

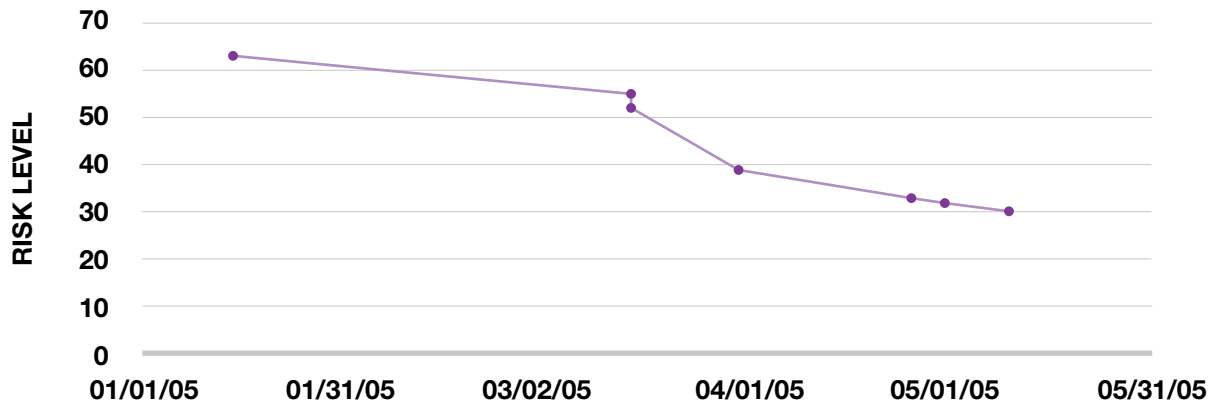
- Lay out risks and milestones in a matrix
- Each milestone reduces the risk of a particular failure mode by some percentage
- When a milestone is achieved, the absolute risk associated with a component falls resulting in a reduction in the overall product risk (the average of all component risks)

Milestone		X2.1	X3.1	X1.1	X1.2	X3.2	X2.2	
Milestone #		2100	3100	1100	1200	3200	2200	
Date		01/15/05	03/15/05	03/15/05	03/31/05	04/25/05	04/30/05	05/10/05
Component 1		63	54.1	52.1	38.8	32.7	31.8	30.2
Failure mode 1	10	40	10%	50%		5%		
Failure mode 2	7	90	30%	10%	10%			
Failure mode 3	5	70		10%	20%		10%	
Component 2		50	43.0	41.3	41.3	39.8	38.3	27
Failure mode 1	8	70	20%	5%				30%
Failure mode 2	8	30			10%	10%		5
Component 3		54	47.7	34.8	34.8	30.2	24.2	22.1
Failure mode 1	10	80	20%	40%			10%	5%
Failure mode 2	10	30			20%	20%		5%
Failure mode 3	6	50		5%	20%	5%		
Product		56	48	43	38	34	31	26

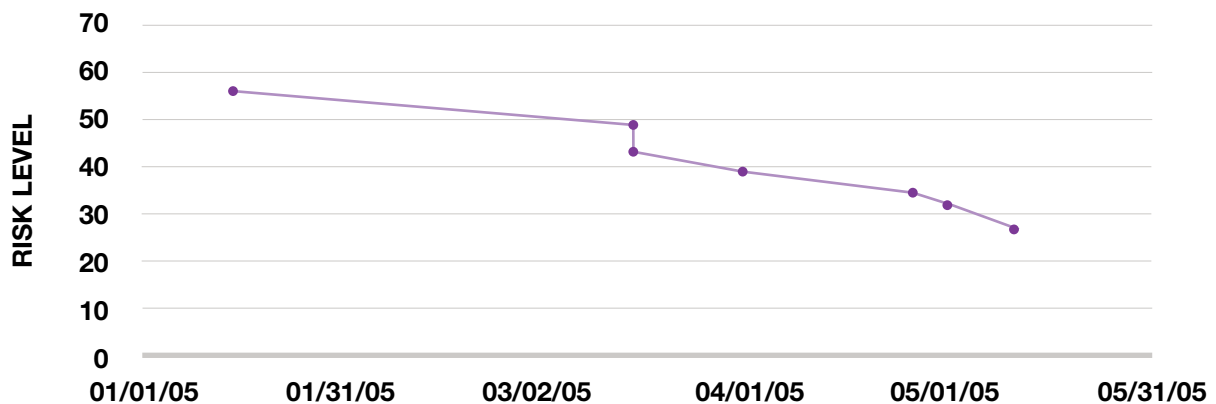
Step 5: Track risk reduction relative to time and expenditures to show progress

- For any component (and for product risk), risk reduction can be plotted relative to time and milestones
- Expenditures also may be plotted relative to time on the same charts

Single component risk reduction



Product risk reduction



Note: Chart data maps to risk and milestone matrix

Risk matrix example

Product Risk Reduction

